QUESTION 9 (50 MARKS) Question 9 (a) (i) h = 1 + xQuestion 9 (a) (ii) 1 $x^2 + r^2 = 1^2$ h $r = \sqrt{1 - x^2}$ 0 1 Question 9 (b) х $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ A $=\frac{1}{3}\pi(1-x^2)(1+x)$ $=\frac{1}{3}\pi(1+x-x^2+x^3)$ Question 9 (c) $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi(1 + x - x^{2} - x^{3})$ $\frac{dV}{dx} = \frac{1}{3}\pi(1 - 2x - 3x^{2}) = 0$ $3x^{2} + 2x - 1 = 0$ (3x - 1)(x + 1) = 0 $x = \cancel{1}, \frac{1}{3}$ $\therefore V_{\text{Max.}} = \frac{1}{3}\pi(1 + (\frac{1}{3}) - (\frac{1}{3})^{2} - (\frac{1}{3})^{3}) = \frac{32}{81}\pi$ $\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \approx 35^{\circ}$ $h = \frac{4}{3}$ В $r = \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{2}$ Question 9 (e)

Cone:
$$\frac{dV}{dt} = -0.2 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

Sphere: $\frac{dV}{dt} = +0.2 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$
 $V = \pi h^2 - \frac{1}{3}\pi h^3$
 $\frac{dV}{dh} = 2\pi h - \pi h^2$
 $\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{dV}{dh} \times \frac{dh}{dt} = (2\pi h - \pi h^2) \frac{dh}{dt}$
 $\left(\frac{dV}{dt}\right)_{h=0.3} = 0.2 = [2\pi (0.3) - \pi (0.3)^2] \frac{dh}{dt}$
 $\therefore \frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{0.2}{[2\pi (0.3) - \pi (0.3)^2]} = 0.125 \text{ cm s}^{-1}$

